

Hibiscus coccineus Swamp Mallow¹

Edward F. Gilman²

Introduction

The Scarlet Rose Mallow is a narrow, upright, herbaceous perennial that can reach a height of 4 to 8 feet (Fig. 1). The 5- to 6-inch-long leaves of this plant are palmately lobed into 3, 5, or 7 parts. These finger-like lobes are slender and have jagged teeth along their margins. Deep red flowers that are 5 to 6 inches wide appear in mid to late summer. These flowers are funnel form and occur on long axillary peduncles. There are 10 or more involucral bracts present on the flower. They are curved upward and are much shorter then the calyx lobes.

General Information

Scientific name: Hibiscus coccineus

Pronunciation: hye-BISS-kus kock-SIN-ee-us

Common name(s): Swamp-Mallow

Family: Malvaceae

Plant type: perennial; herbaceous

USDA hardiness zones: 8 through 10 (Fig. 2)



Figure 1. Swamp-Mallow.

Planting month for zone 8: year round

Planting month for zone 9: year round

Planting month for zone 10 and 11: year round

Origin: native to Florida

Uses: accent; border; mass planting; attracts butterflies; attracts hummingbirds

Availablity: somewhat available, may have to go out of the region to find the plant

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Hibiscus coccineus Swamp Mallow

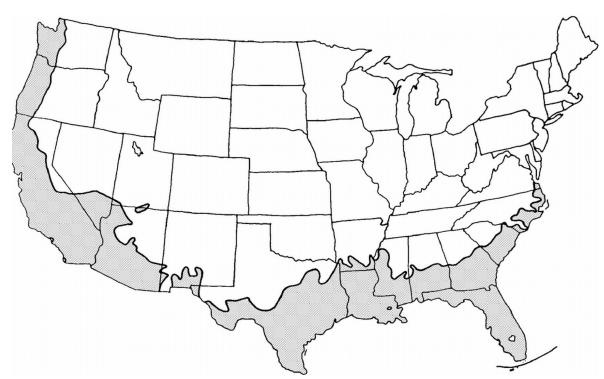


Figure 2. Shaded area represents potential planting range.

Description	Leaf color: green
Height: 4 to 8 feet	Fall color: no fall color change
Spread: 3 to 4 feet	Fall characteristic: not showy
Plant habit: upright	Flower
Plant density: open	Flower color: red
Growth rate: fast	Flower characteristic: summer flowering
Texture: fine	Fruit
Foliage	Fruit shape: elongated
Leaf arrangement: alternate	Fruit length: .5 to 1 inch
Leaf type: simple	Fruit cover: dry or hard
Leaf margin: lobed; serrate	Fruit color: unknown
Leaf shape: star-shaped	Fruit characteristic: inconspicuous and not showy
Leaf venation: palmate	Trunk and Branches
Leaf type and persistence: deciduous	Trunk/bark/branches: typically multi-trunked or clumping stems
Leaf blade length: 4 to 8 inches	Current year stem/twig color: reddish

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Current year stem/twig thickness: very thick

Culture

Light requirement: plant grows in part shade/part sun

Soil tolerances: extended flooding; acidic; sand; loam; clay;

Drought tolerance: moderate

Soil salt tolerances: poor

Plant spacing: 24 to 36 inches

Other

Roots: not applicable

Winter interest: no special winter interest

Outstanding plant: plant has outstanding ornamental features and could be planted more

Invasive potential: not known to be invasive

Pest resistance: very sensitive to one or more pests or diseases which can affect plant health or aesthetics

Use and Management

The Scarlet Rose Mallow is frequently used as a specimen and can be placed in a border. It may also be utilized around the edge of a pond or along a stream since this type site is similar to their native Georgia and Florida habitat.

Although the Scarlet Rose Mallow is native to wetland areas it is tolerant of somewhat drier soils. This plant requires a full sun or partial shade location in the landscape. Flowering and growth in the shade are poor.

Cultivars include: 'Lord Baltimore', deep red flowers.

Hibiscus coccineus can be propagated by seed or division.

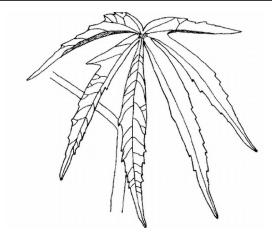


Figure 3. Foliage of swamp-Mallow

Pest and Diseases

The Scarlet Rose Mallow may be occasionally bothered by a stalk borer. Grasshoppers also enjoy chewing the foliage and flower buds. This can spoil the flower display. Be prepared to provide control for this pest. I usually squash them between my hands in the evening as a means of mechanical control.