HS1078



## University of Florida Potato Variety Spot Light: Red LaSoda<sup>1</sup>

Chad M. Hutchinson, Doug Gergela, Tom Donovan, David Dinkins and Edsel Redden<sup>2</sup>

General Comments: Red LaSoda is the red-skinned fresh market potato standard for Florida. Red LaSoda was observed in 1949 as a deep red mutant of LaSoda in the Louisiana potato breeding program. Originally, LaSoda was a selection from a cross of Triumph and Katahdin. Red LaSoda was released by the USDA and the Louisiana Agricultural Experiment Station in 1953. It has been in trials over many seasons and at many locations in Florida including university and grower sites. Production and quality results in this highlight sheet for Red LaSoda are summarized from the Red-Skinned, Fresh-Market university trials conducted over the past eight seasons.

General Characteristics: Red LaSoda has a white to cream tuber flesh with a tuber shape of "round to oblong." It has a smooth, red to pink-colored skin with deep to intermediate eye depth. The variety has good yield potential and a relatively low specific gravity compared to other red-skinned potato varieties adapted for Florida production (Tables 1 and 2). Two Red LaSoda selections have been evaluated in trial since 2003; Red LaSoda 10 and Red LaSoda 13. To date,

production and quality of these selections has not differed from Red LaSoda in university trials. Only Red LaSoda yield and quality are reported in this highlight sheet.

**Season Length:** The time from planting to vine kill is approximately 85-95 days for Red LaSoda depending on growing conditions during the season. Tuber size should be checked regularly late in the season. Plants should be vine killed when size distribution meets desired goals. The time from vine kill to harvest varies by season. At least two to three weeks should be allowed to mature and set tuber skin.

Fertilization and Growth: University trials have used approximately 200 lb N/acre. Nitrogen in the Red LaSoda crop should be managed so that it "runs out" late in the season to improve tuber maturity and skin set. It may require less nitrogen than the UF/IFAS extension general recommendation of 200 lb N/acre in heavier soils to achieve this goal. P and K should be applied based on soil tests.

Foliage develops rapidly with determinant growth resulting in early to mid-season maturity.

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**Planting:** Tubers should break dormancy before planting. A seed piece of 2 1/2 to 3 oz is desired for planting. Plant spacing should be 5 to 8 inches in-row with 36 to 40 inches between row. Closer in-row spacings will reduce harvested tuber size. Excessive soil moisture late in the season will degrade lenticel appearance and delay skin set.

**Diseases:** Red LaSoda has general disease resistance characteristics. The variety is susceptible to scab, early blight, late blight, corky ring spot, and bacterial wilt. A standard extension recommended disease control program should be followed.

**Seed Source:** Open variety, available through many seed sources.

Other Information: Hutchinson, C.M., E.H. Simonne, G.J. Hochmuth, D.N. Maynard, W.M. Stall, S.M. Olson, S.E. Webb, T.G. Taylor and S.A. Smith. 2006. Potato production in Florida. *In:* Vegetable Production Guide for Florida. S.M. Olson and E.H. Simonne, eds. University of Florida.

Potato Association of America variety database: http://www.umaine.edu/PAA/Varieties/redlasoda.htm



**Figure 1.** Typical tuber skin and internal flesh color of Red LaSoda.

Table 1. Summary of production statistics and specific gravity of Red LaSoda, a red-skinned fresh market potato variety grown at the UF/IFAS research and demonstration farm in Hastings, FL.

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Year	Total Yield	Marketable Yield <sup>1</sup>				Size	e				Size Class	
				Distr	ibution	Distribution by Class % <sup>2</sup>	ss %		Ran	Range %	%	
9	(cwt/A)	(cwt/A)	ပ	В	A1	A2	A3	A4	A1 to A3	A2 to A4	culls	Specific Gravity
	469	352	1	3	23	35	18	0	9/	53	22	1.058
	396	329	1	4	64	18	_	0	83	19	13	1.053
	326	298	:	4	35	38	18	0	91	46	Ŋ	1.072
•	305	279	1	က	42	42	13	0	26	55	9	1.064
	373	341	1	က	43	44	10	0	26	54	9	1.061
	495	419	1	က	37	34	20	_	92	55	7	1.059
	402	326	7	9	22	26	9	0	88	32	7	1.070
	337	588	~	_	22	34	က	0	92	37	ო	1.066
	388	330	4	4	4	34	7	0	68	44	6	1.063
			İ	ļ	Ì	ļ	İ	İ				

Marketable yield: Sum of size classes A1 to A3.

Size classes: C = 0.5 to 1.5", B = 1.5 to 17/8", A1 = 17/8 to 2.5", A2 = 2.5 to 3.25", A3 = 3.25 to A1 = 47/8"; Size distribution by class: Class (wt)/(Total Yield [wt] - culls [wt])

Table 2. Yield, vine maturity, tuber characteristics, and internal tuber defects of Red LaSoda, a red-skinned fresh-market potato variety grown at the UF/IFAS research and demonstration farm in Hastings, FL.

University of Florida Potato Variety Spot Light: Red LaSoda

	Total	Marketable	Vine										
	Yield	Yield	Maturity <sup>1</sup>		Tub	Tuber Characteris	acteristic	_×. [×.			Internal [	Defects <sup>2</sup>	
Year	(cwt/A)	(cwt/A)	(vine kill)	IFC	SC		TS	ED	APP	壬	BR	CRS	H
1998	469	352			2.0	7.5	2.0	:	0.9				٠
1999	396	329			2.0		3.0	3.0	4.0	_	0	0	0
2000	326	298	6.3		2.0		2.7		2.0	_	0	0	_
2001	305	279	5.8	1.5	2.7		2.7		3.7	0	0	0	0
2002	373	341	3.0	1.5	3.0		3.5		6.5	_	0	0	0
2003	495	419	0.9	1.7	2.7		2.7		2.7	_	0	0	4
2004	402	326	6.3	1.3	2.3		2.3		2.7	_	0	0	0
2005	337	299	5.8	1.5	2.5		3.5		5.0	0	0	0	0

<sup>1</sup>See rating system outlined in Florida Rating Code Table (Table 3).

<sup>2</sup>Percent tuber defects. HH = hollow heart, BR = brown rot, CRS = corky ring spot, IHN = internal heat necrosis.

 Table 3. Florida Rating Codes for Potato Tuber Characteristics

	Overall Appearance	Very Poor	Poor	;
	Eye Depth	Very Deep	 Deep	ł
	Tuber Shape	Round	Mostly Round Round to Oblong	Mostly Oblong
Tuber Characteristics	Skin Texture	Part. Russet	Heavy Russet Mod. Russet	Light Russet
Tuber C	Skin Color	Purple	Red Pink	Dark Brown
	Internal Flesh Color	White	Cream Light Yellow	Medium Yellow
	Vine Maturity	dead	+- yellow and dying	÷
	Rating Code	_	3 2	4

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Table 3. Florida Rating Codes for Potato Tuber Characteristics<sup>1</sup>

			Tuber	Tuber Characteristics			
Rating Code	Vine Maturity	Internal Flesh Color	Skin Color	Skin Texture	Tuber Shape	Eye Depth	Overall Appearance
Ω.	moderately senesced	Dark Yellow	Brown	Netted	Oblong	Intermediate	Fair
9 /	+- starting to senesce	Pink Red	Tan Buff	Slightly Netted Mod. Smooth	Oblong to Long Mostly Long	 Shallow	- Good
8 o	+- green and vigorous	Blue Purple	White	Smooth Very Smooth	Long Cylindrical	 Very Shallow	 Excellent

<sup>1</sup>Based on the standard NE 1014 rating codes for plant and tuber characteristics.