

Facts about Riboflavin¹

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Why do we need riboflavin?

Riboflavin is one of the B vitamins. It also is known as vitamin B_2 . We need riboflavin to use the carbohydrates, fats, and proteins in the

foods we eat. Riboflavin helps us use these nutrients for energy in our bodies. Riboflavin also is needed to properly use the vitamins niacin, folate, and vitamin B_6 .



What happens if we don't get enough riboflavin?

Because riboflavin is found in a variety of foods, most people get plenty in their diets. A



deficiency of riboflavin occurs only when the diet is very poor, and lacks many nutrients.

A lack of riboflavin causes sores in the mouth and inflammation of the tongue. Lack of riboflavin also can affect the body's use of other vitamins.

How much riboflavin do we need?

The following table lists recommended daily intakes of riboflavin:

Life Stage	Riboflavin (mg/day)
Men, ages 19+	1.3
Women, ages 19+	1.1
Pregnancy	1.4
Breastfeeding	1.6
mg = milligrams	

How can we get enough riboflavin?

Milk and milk products are good sources of riboflavin. Riboflavin also is found in whole grains.



Riboflavin is one of four vitamins added to enriched grain products such as enriched flour. The other vitamins added to enriched grains are thiamin, niacin, and folic acid.

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Enriched breads and cereals contain riboflavin. Look for the word "riboflavin" in the ingredient list on the label to see if it has been added.

INGREDIENTS: Enriched semolina (iron, thiamin mononitrate, folic acid, **riboflavin,** niacin), tomato, beet and spinach powders, ...

Other good sources of riboflavin are: Meat, eggs, and mushrooms.





Here are some foods and the amount of riboflavin they contain:

Food	Riboflavin (mg per serving)
Yogurt, 8 oz	0.5
Milk, 1 cup	0.4
Ready-to-eat cereal, 1 cup	0.4
Egg, cooked, 1 large	0.3
Pork chop, cooked, 3 oz	0.3
Mushrooms, cooked, ½ cup	0.2
Cottage cheese, ½ cup	0.2
mg = milligrams oz = ounces	

How should foods be prepared to retain riboflavin?

Riboflavin is easily destroyed when exposed to light. Milk stored in glass and exposed to light loses much of its riboflavin content. Opaque plastic jugs and paper cartons protect the riboflavin in milk. Only small amounts of riboflavin are lost in cooking.

What about supplements?

Most people get plenty of riboflavin in their diet, so supplements usually are not needed. Most multivitamin supplements contain riboflavin.

Research has not yet found problems from consuming too much riboflavin from food or supplements. However, there is no need to take a supplement with more than 100 to 150% of the Daily Value for riboflavin.

Where can I get more information?

The Family and Consumer Sciences (FCS) agent at your county Extension office may have more written information and nutrition classes for you to attend. Also, a registered dietitian (RD) can provide reliable information to you.

Reliable nutrition information may be found on the Internet at the following sites:

http://fycs.ifas.ufl.edu http://www.eatright.org http://www.nutrition.gov

