

Polygonella polygama

October flower

Polygonaceae



Credit: Kari Ruder, UF/IFAS

October flower is widespread throughout Florida and more broadly in coastal states west to Texas and northeast to Virginia. October flower is found in dune and scrub plant communities and ruderal areas. The showy flowers and attractive foliage make this native plant a desirable ornamental for landscapes.

General Description

October flower is an herbaceous short-lived perennial that can reach heights of 3 ft. *Leaves* are simple, alternate, linear, stipulate, 0.5 to 5 mm wide and persistent when fruit are present with veins that appear parallel and with inconspicuous secondary venation. Stipules are fused together around the stem in an entire ocrea. Branches are partly fused to the stem as if arising between the nodes. *Inflorescences* are prolific; racemes occur from July to October. *Flowers* are white to pink and contain male and female parts. They lack a corolla, have superior ovaries, and are subtended by a bract and two bracteoles. *Fruit* is an 0.8- to 1-mm-wide achene.

Propagation

Germination requirements of October flower are known (Heather 2009; Heather 2010). Seeds have non-deep

physiological dormancy that is alleviated by warm or cold, moist stratification, application of 1,000 ppm GA (Gibberellic acid), or time in storage. Seeds prefer cooler temperatures (22/11°C) to warmer ones. Seeds collected between November and February have been successfully germinated.

Stem cutting production is possible on summer softwood stem cuttings of October flower (Heather 2009; Thetford et al. 2012). Application of auxin, such as IBA (Indole-3-butyric acid) is not needed for root initiation but may improve rooting performance. Greenhouse-grown plants perform well in both peat- and bark-based propagation media (Smith et al. 2014).

Outplanting

Greenhouse-grown plants of October flower performed well in a trial garden as a native wildflower producer for several months, with peak flowering in October (Smith et al. 2014). Beach dune outplanting information is not presently available.

Literature Cited

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