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notion of implicit racial biases may be viewed as a notable component, one that determines the way in which people of this particular community move through the world including the courtroom.

An Insight on Credit Checks for Employment Purposes: The Numerous Issues Associated and the Comprehensive Credit Act of 2020 by Yossra El-Sharawy. 90 The Fair Credit Reporting Act (FCRA) enacted in 1970, addresses the use of credit reports for employment purposes. In the last few months, The House introduced H.R 3621, a bill that drastically amends the FCRA, and if passed by the Senate, the bill will address the prevalent issues as well as have a profound impact on hiring practices. This article examines the FCRA, the issues concerning credit checks for employment purposes, and the current amendments proposed.
But It's My Choice, Right? Abortion Law Reform in the United States by LaTasha Ross
How Cash Bail Negatively Affects the United States by Jessica Savage
Who Should Decide the Fate of Medical Malpractice Cases? by Leanet Gutierrez

The author hopes to provide the reader an introduction and review of the mandatory screening panel procedure (also known as the mandatory review panel procedure) in medical malpractice cases implemented through 17 U.S. states. Initially created to reduce the rising costs of medical health care for citizens, today's screening panels present complicated and contentious issues for the legal community, the legal establishment, and society in general.

New Friend Request: Russia, Cyber-Warfare, and the Threat to U.S. Elections

How Capitalism and Socialism Differ in Regard to Property Rights by Savd Hussain, Leanet Gutierrez, and Robert Marriaga 149

importance in protecting our democratic institutions.

Throughout history, the rules of property have been regularly disputed in regard to its philosophy and justification. The ideals of private property became a philosophical debate during the 18th to 19th centuries with philosophers such as John Locke, who supported private property as a natural right; Jean-Jacques Rousseau, who believed property was not natural; and Karl Marx, who argued that private property should be entirely abolished. Further, this article examines the economic debate between capitalism versus socialism as it relates to private property.

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